

(Smt. GRACE TUCKER)

(3) Presence of geographic barriers, separating the Junior Basic School from the nearest Senior Basic School.

(4) Availability of funds.

(e) Nil.

(f) Yes.

Sri K. P. KARUMBAYYA.—Supplementary to (b): Is it a fact that the Sreemangalanad Nalkeri School has satisfied all the criteria prescribed in answer to (d) and still that school has not been upgraded to Senior Basic School though the parents round about have deposited Rs. 360 for the purpose?

†Smt. GRACE TUCKER.—The criteria that are mentioned here would have to be fulfilled also primarily. That has got four factors and the 4th factor, namely, non-availability of funds also has to be considered.

Sri K. P. KARUMBAYA.—Is it a fact that that Junior Basic School has been cut off from the nearest Senior Basic School to a distance of 5½ miles. Roughly, the Senior Basic School at Kakoor is at a distance of 5½ miles and these schools are having the handicap of geographical barrier, namely Lakshmanathirtha river?

Smt. GRACE TUCKER.—It is quite probable, but there is also the last factor which has been mentioned. It was a progress made in the overall plan outlay and no provision could be made in the plan budget for 60-61 for upgrading junior schools. In fact, with much discussion, certain schools were taken and all these four schools mentioned were taken.

1-30 P.M.

#### WATER RATES CHARGED FOR SUPPLYING WATER TO GOKAK MILLS, LTD.

\*Q.—297. Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI (Gokak II).—

Will the Government be pleased to state.—

(a) the water rates charged for the water supplied to the Gokak Mills, Ltd., under the Ghataprabha Canal;

(b) the water rates and other charges levied under different Major Irrigation schemes in the Mysore State for irrigation and for industrial or other purposes ;

(c) whether Government have taken any steps to remove the disparities ?

A.—Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR (Deputy Minister for Public Works).—

(a) (i) Rs. 6.70 per M. Cft. Power generation and domestic consumption.

(ii) Rs. 800.00 per M. Cft. for purposes other than Power generation and domestic consumption.

(b) *Vide* statement appended.

(c) Yes.





(Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR)

Serial Number	Major Projects (Schemes costing one crore and above) 'A' I and II Five-Year Plans	Consolidated wet assessment					Industrial	
		Paddy	Sugarcane	Fruit gardens	Rabi	Kharif	Industry	
		19	20	21	22	23	24	
1	Ghataprabha Project.	...	...	...	...	...	Gokak mills Gokak mills other than power. Railway Station, Ghataprabha	
2	Tungabhadra do (a) Left Bank (M'bad side). (b) Right Bank Canal (Bellary side).	12	35	15to 18	6	4	Salarjung Sugar Mills, M'bad. Kampli Sugar Factory Electro-metallurgical Industry.	
3	Bhadra Project ...	...	...	...	...	...	Tungabhadra Sugar Works, Shimoga	
4	Tunga Anicut ...	...	...	...	...	...		
5	Nugu Project ...	...	...	...	...	...		
6	Kabini Project ...	...	...	...	...	...		
7	Krishnarajasagar—	(24)					(25)	
	Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers, Belgola						500.00	
	Mandya Sugar Factory, Mandya						... 500.00	
	Pandavapura Sugar Factory, Pandavapura.						500.00	
	Sri Krishnarajendra Textiles, Mysore						... 1,000.00 per annum.	

## purposes

## Other purposes

Rate  
Rs. per M. Cft.

Institute

Rate

25

26

27

6.70

800.00

900.00

Mission School and  
Hostel, Ghata-  
prabha.

Karnataka Health  
Institute, Ghata-  
prabha.

Free supply. Pump-  
ing charges borne  
by mission.

Concessional rate of  
Rs. 11 per annum  
*ad hoc* basis.

3,750.00

2,000.00

2,000.00

500.00

(Proposed)

(24)

Mandya National Paper Mills

...

(25)

500.00 M. Cft. subject  
to a minimum of  
Rs. 78,840 per year.

Mandya Town Municipality

...

103.31 per M.Cft.  
subject to a minimum  
of Rs. 4,000  
per year.

Sri A. R. PANCHGAVI.—Since when is the water rate for the Gokak Mills fixed?

†Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—The original agreement was in the year 1894 and it has been revised since 1953.

Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI.—At the time of the revision, had the Government ever taken into consideration the rates of water for the irrigators?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—Yes, the former Government of Bombay had fixed up the revised rate and it was to pay Rs. 6/- per thousand million cubit feet of water.

Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI.—Even the present rate is Rs. 6.70 per M.Cft., whereas the cultivators have to pay Rs. 1,800, nearly thirty times. Does it bear any comparison?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—As regards irrigation and industrial purposes, there is bound to be disparity.

Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI.—Even for industries, in the case of Salar Jung Sugar Mills at Hyderabad, they are charged Rs. 3,750. Does it show concession to the industries?

Sri M. N. NAGHNOOR.—Water rates for different kinds of industries will be different and water rates will be fixed, taking into consideration various aspects--the nature of the industry, availability of water, the agreement entered into, a number of things.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—What was the compelling consideration so far as the Bombay Government was concerned, at the time when they gave concession in 1954?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—That matter is not before us. The agreement took place long before and we could not say at this distance of time what was the compelling necessity for the fixing of the rates.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—May I know whether you are prevented from revising these rates and bringing it to a uniform level in respect of all industries?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—It is not possible to have a uniform level for all kinds of industries situated in different places.

Sri C. K. RAJAI AH SHETTY.—May I know whether this Government fixed the water rates for all the industries in the new Mysore State?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—This is particularly connected with Gokak Mills.

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—It does not arise.

Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI.—Are the Government aware that at this concession rate, even though the irrigators are paying such heavy rent, water is stopped when water comes below a certain level because preference is to be given to Gokak Mills?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—That depends upon the terms of agreement. According to the terms of agreement, water will have to be made available to the irrigators and industries.

Sri A. R. PANCHAGAVI.—Even the rates for Gokak Mills are revised. Have not the Government compared the rates with the rates for irrigation?

Sri H. M. CHANNABASAPPA.—We have compared the rates prevailing for irrigation, industries there and industries in other places. After having taken into consideration all facts pertaining to this, Government have come to that decision.

### HANDING OVER SIX HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND TO THE MUDAHALLI JOINT FARMING CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY.

\*Q.—307. Sri U. M. MADAPPA (Chamarajanagar).—

Will the Government be pleased to state.—

(a) the recommendation of the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Mysore District, Mysore, in respect of handing over six hundred acres of land released out of forest in Chamarajanagar Taluk, to the Mudahalli Joint Farming Co-operative Society;

(b) the report of revenue authority in the aforesaid matter;

(c) the action taken by the Government to hand over the said land to the Society?

A.—Sri KADIDAL MANJAPPA (Minister for Revenue).—

(a) to (c) Recommendations made by the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Mysore District, and the local Revenue authorities are under consideration of Government.

ಶ್ರೀ ಯು. ಎಂ. ಮಾದಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಸೊಸೈಟಿಯಲ್ಲರುವ ಸದಸ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲರುವ 600 ಎಕರೆ ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಹಂಚಿದರೆ ಒಂದೊಂದು ಸಂಸಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಎಷ್ಟು ಎಕರೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ?

†ಶ್ರೀ ಕಡಿಡಾಳ್ ಮಂಜಪ್ಪ.—ಅಲ್ಲಿ 107 ಸಂಸಾರಗಳಿವೆ ಎಂದು ರಿಕಾರ್ಡ್‌ನಿಂದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಹಾಕಿದರೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಯು. ಎಂ. ಮಾದಪ್ಪ.—ಹಾಗಾದರೆ ಒಂದು ಸಂಸಾರಕ್ಕೆ ನಾಲ್ಕೈದು ಎಕರೆಗೆ ಮೇಲ್ಪಟ್ಟು ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆನ್ನುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನದಲ್ಲಿಲ್ಲವೇ?

Sri KADIDAL MANJAPPA.—It is a matter of calculation. ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಏಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟು ಕಷ್ಟಪಡಬೇಕು?

ಶ್ರೀ ಯು. ಎಂ. ಮಾದಪ್ಪ.—ರಿಪೋರ್ಟನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿದರೆ ಏಕೆ ಕೊಡಲಿಲ್ಲ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಡಿಡಾಳ್ ಮಂಜಪ್ಪ.—ಅದರಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡು-ಮೂರು ವಿಷಯಗಳಿವೆ. ಅವನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಅರ್ಡರ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು. The report is of a Confidential nature.

ಶ್ರೀ ಯು. ಎಂ. ಮಾದಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಕಾಗದಪತ್ರಗಳು ಸೆಕ್ರೆಟರಿಗಳ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಏಷ್ಟು ತಿಂಗಳಿನಿಂದ ನಿಂತಿವೆ?